of the reporter moies to the complement of the adapter sequence. The method of Claim 21 wherein the reporter is a molecular beacon. The method of Claim 29 wherein the double-stranded reporter molety is produced upon synthesis of a complement of the reporter moiety. The method of Claim 30 wherein the target sequence is amplified by SDA, PCR, 3SR, TMA or NASBA. The method of Claim 20 wherein a change in fluorescence is detected. The method of Claim 25 wherein the change in fluorescence is detected in real-time. 00004700 The method of Claim 25 wherein the change in fluorescence is detected at a selected endpoint in the amplification reaction. The method of Claim 20 wherein the reporter molety is labeled with a donor/quencher dye pair. The method of Claim 20 wherein the reporter moiety is selected from the group consisting of secondary structures and specialized sequences. The method of Claim 29 wherein the double-stranded reporter moiety is detected by unfolding of a hairpin structure, unfolding of a G-quartet or by nicking or deavage of a restriction endonuclease recognition site. The method of Claim 29 wherein a change in the fluorescence results directly from unfolding of a secondary structure. The method of Claim 29 wherein a change in fluorescence results from cleavage or nicking of a restriction endonuclease recognition site in the double-stranded reporter moiety.

The method of Claim 20 wherein the double-stranded reporter moiety is produced upon

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The method of Claim 20 wherein the reporter probe is non-extendible.

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detected.

The method of Claim 40 wherein d

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14	The method of Claim 20 which comprises multiple signal primers, each signal primer has
<i>y</i> .	The method of Claim 20 which comprises multiple signal primers, each signal primer having a separately detectable adapter sequence.
15/	14,
35.	The method of Claim 34 wherein each signal primer hybridizes to a different sequence variant
	of the target sequence.
	William Color Col
	a) hybridizing a signal primer comprision an adapter sequence to the target sequence such that the adapter sequence produce a 5' overhang;
	b) synthesizing a complement of the additor sequence by extension of the hybridized target sequence;
	c) hybridizing a reporter probe containing a reporter molety to the complement of the
	adapter sequence, whereby a puble-stranded reporter molety is produced, and;
	d) detecting the double-stranged reporter moiety as an indication of the presence of the target sequence.
37.	The method of Claim 36 wherein by wherein by the stranded reporter molety is produced upon
	hybridization of the reporter moiety to the comment of the adapter sequence.
38.	The method of Claim 37 wherein the reporter is amolecular beacon.
39.	The method of Claim 36 wherein the destranded reporter molety is produced upon
	synthesis of a complement of the report molety
40.	The method of Claim 36 wherein the double-stranded reporter moiety is detected by unfolding
	of a secondary structure or by mains of a specialized sequence.
41.	The method of Claim 40 whereit infolding of a hairpin structure or a G-quarter structure is

site is detected.

vage or nicking of a restriction endonuclease recognition

43. The method of Claim 36 wb rein a change in fluorescence is detected.